Each article must have met the following criteria:

- A history of substance abuse, psychotic symptoms, and/or mood disorders,
- Poorer work environment, are more apt to dissociate from PTSD, have higher baseline trait anger, and have a malevolent outlook on the world (Inslicht et al., 2010; Maguen et al., 2009; McCallin et al., 2008; Meffert et al., 2008; Yuan et al., 2011).

Lastly, the high-risk group for military personnel includes personnel who have poorer physical and mental health, higher levels of trait anger before deployment, Type D personality, nightmares before deployment, and low social functionality (LeardMann et al., 2014; Lommens et al., 2011; Sandweiss et al., 2011; van Liempt et al., 2013; van Zuiden et al., 2011; Vasterling et al., 2008; Wright et al., 2012).

FUTURE RESEARCH

Future research focusing on longitudinal prospective studies should be conducted on high risk populations so that training could better equip officers, firefighters, and military personnel to deal with PTEs, thus lowering the overall development of PTSD.

CONCLUSION

- The high-risk profile for firefighters include individuals with high levels of negative self-appraisal, difficulty recall memories, avoidant or numbing behavior, heightened arousal, high job demands, low job control, higher levels of PTSD symptoms, and higher levels of depression (Bryant et al., 2007; Brysiewicz & Guthrie, 2007b; Guthrie & Bryant, 2005; Heinrichs et al., 2005; Orr et al., 2012).
- For police officers this high-risk group are officers who have a history of substance abuse, psychotic symptoms, and/or mood disorders, poorer work environment, are more apt to dissociation from PTEs, have higher baseline trait anger, and have a malevolent outlook on the world (Inslicht et al., 2010; Maguen et al., 2009; McCallin et al., 2008; Meffert et al., 2008; Yuan et al., 2011).

- The research presented here discovered very little information that accurately describes the pre-traumatic factors of career-related PTSD. The research presented here discovered very little information that accurately describes the pre-traumatic factors of career-related PTSD. The research presented here discovered very little information that accurately describes the pre-traumatic factors of career-related PTSD.

REFERENCES


- The American Journal of Psychiatry, 158(9), 1370–1376.
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 5(6), 713–721. doi:10.1037/a0037241
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 6(3), 198–206. doi:10.1037/a0038899
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 7(2), 151–160. doi:10.1037/a0032348
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 8(1), 1–12. doi:10.1037/a0034632

- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 5(6), 713–721.
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 6(3), 198–206.
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 7(2), 151–160.
- Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy, 8(1), 1–12.