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# Metro Monitor 2023: Las Vegas and Reno, Nevada

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# METRO MONITOR 2023: LAS VEGAS AND RENO, NEVADA

Economic Development & Workforce Fact Sheet No. 72 | October 2024

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#### **PURPOSE:**

This fact sheet examines economic growth performance indicators in the major metro areas of Nevada, using data provided by the Brookings Institution's Metro Monitor. The Metro Monitor explores five indicators of economic performance over ten years (2011-2021), including growth, prosperity, overall inclusion, racial inclusion, and geographic inclusion across 192 metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs). This fact sheet presents data for Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV and Reno, NV MSAs.

#### **ABOUT THE DATA:**

In the *Metro Monitor*, each metro area is categorized as a midsized metro (with a population between 250,000 and 500,000), a large metro (with a population between 500,000 and 1 million), or a very large metro (with a population over 1 million). The Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA is classified as a very large metro with a population of 2,292,476, and the Reno, NV MSA is classified as a midsized metro with a population of 497,535. The *Metro Monitor* ranks each metro according to five economic indicators with each containing several sub-indicators (see below).

Economic Indicators	Economic Sub-Indicators
Economic Growth	Change in jobs, change in Gross Metropolitan Product (GMP), and change in jobs at young firms <sup>2</sup>
Racial Inclusion	Change in white/people of color employment rate gap, change in white/people of color median earnings gap, and change in white/people of color relative poverty rate gap
Economic Prosperity	Change in productivity, change in average annual wage, and change in standard of living
Geographic Inclusion	Change in top³/bottom neighborhoods' employment rate gap, change in top/bottom neighborhoods' median household income gap, change in top/bottom neighborhoods' relative poverty rate gap
Economic Inclusion	Change in employment rate, change in median earnings, and change in relative poverty rate

## **KEY FINDINGS:**

- 1. The Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA ranked 50<sup>th</sup> out of 56 very large metros in Economic Prosperity. Withing this indicator, Las Vegas ranked 55<sup>th</sup> in percent change in productivity (-2.1%), 34<sup>th</sup> in percent change in average annual wage (14.6%), and 50<sup>th</sup> in percent change in standard of living (2.4%).
- 2. The Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA ranked 55<sup>th</sup> out of 56 very large metro areas in Economic Inclusion. Within this indicator, Las Vegas ranked 49<sup>th</sup> in percent change in employment rate (2.1%), 56<sup>th</sup> in percent change in median earnings (6.1%), and 52<sup>th</sup> in percent change in relative poverty rate (0.8%).
- 3. The Reno, NV MSA ranked 4<sup>th</sup> in Growth, 6<sup>th</sup> in Prosperity, 9<sup>th</sup> in Geographic Inclusion, and 6<sup>th</sup> in Economic Inclusion among 79 midsized metros.

Parilla, Joseph and Haskins, Glencora, "Metro Monitor 2023", (2023). Brookings Institution. Retrieved from https://www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Young firms are defined as private-sector firms aged five years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Changes in the top and bottom income looks at the highest 20% and lowest 20% of incomes in a neighborhood.



Table 1 illustrates the economic performance rankings (out of 56 very large metros in the U.S.) in each economic indicator for Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV. In the ten-year period between 2011 and 2021, Las Vegas ranked among the bottom 10 very large metros for Prosperity and Economic Inclusion.

Table 1: Economic Indicator Rankings, Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA

	10-year rank (2011-2021)
Growth	23 out of 56
Racial Inclusion	35 out of 56
Prosperity	50 out of 56
Geographic Inclusion	21 out of 56
Economic Inclusion	55 out of 56

<sup>\*</sup> Adapted from "Metro Monitor 2023". The Brookings Institution. www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023/

Table 2 shows the change in economic sub-indicators for the Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA for a 10-year period. The Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA saw positive change in the growth category with jobs increasing +22.3% between 2011-2021. For racial inclusion, both the employment gap and the relative poverty gap decreased, and the region experienced an earnings gap of \$3,587 between white residents and people of color. The Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA experienced negative change in Geographic Inclusion, seeing a -42.0% change in the relative poverty gap between the bottom and top neighborhoods.

Table 2: Change in Economic Sub-Indicators, Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA, 2011-2021

	Change Between 2011-2021
Growth	
Jobs	+ 22.3%
Gross Metropolitan Product (GMP)	+ 19.7%
Jobs at Young Firms	+ 17.7%
Racial Inclusion	
Employment Gap Rate between White and People of Color	- 2.2%
Median Earnings Gap between White and People of Color	\$3,587.00
Relative Poverty Gap Rate between White and People of Color	- 1.8%
Prosperity	
Productivity	- 2.1%
Average Annual Wage	+ 14.6%
Standard of Living	+ 2.4%
Geographic Inclusion	
Top/Bottom Neighborhoods Employment Rate Gap	- 1.1%
Top/Bottom Neighborhoods Median Household Income Gap	\$5,601
Top/Bottom Neighborhoods Relative Poverty Gap	- 42.0%
Economic Inclusion	
Employment Rate	+ 2.1%
Median Earnings	+ 6.1%
Relative Poverty Rate	+ 0.8%

<sup>\*</sup> Adapted from "Metro Monitor 2023". The Brookings Institution. www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023/

Metro Monitor's interactive website presents graphs for each of the above-referenced economic sub-indicators. Figure 1 shows job growth in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA, as a percent of 2011 jobs from 2011 to 2021. The Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV metro experienced gradual rates of growth from 2011 to 2019 and a considerable drop in 2020 with the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The growth rate resumed in 2021 and continued at a rate higher than both the United States and other very large metros.

130 120 110 100 2012 2013 2020 2011 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2021 Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV Metropolitan Statistical Area ----- United States ---- Very Large Metro Areas

Figure 1: Job Growth in the Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA, 2011-2021

 $^* Adapted from "Metro Monitor 2023". \textit{The Brookings Institution}. www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023/2006. \\$ 

Table 3 illustrates the economic performance rankings (out of 79 midsized metros in the U.S.) in each economic indicator for the Reno, NV MSA. In the 10 year period between 2011 and 2021, Reno ranked among the top 10 midsized metros for 4 of 5 categories: Growth, Prosperity, Geographic Inclusion, and Economic Inclusion. Reno ranked 54<sup>th</sup> for racial inclusion.

	10-year rank (2011-2021)
Growth	4 out of 79
Racial Inclusion	54 out of 79
Prosperity	6 out of 79
Geographic Inclusion	9 out of 79
Economic Inclusion	6 out of 79

Table 3: Economic Indicators Rankings, Reno, NV MSA

Table 4 shows the change in economic sub-indicators for the Reno, NV MSA for 10 years between 2011 and 2021. The Reno, NV MSA increased in the growth category, as did the Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV MSA. Reno experienced a decrease in relative poverty (-4.8%), a reduction in relative poverty gap between top/bottom neighborhoods (-8.4%), and a reduction in the relative poverty gap between white people and people of color (-3.2%). Median earnings increased by 22.4% despite the existence of an earnings gap of \$262 between white residents and residents of color and a median household income gap of \$2,868 between residents in the top and bottom neighborhoods.

<sup>\*</sup>Adapted from "Metro Monitor 2023". The Brookings Institution. www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023/



Table 4: Change in Economic Sub-Indicators, Reno, NV MSA

	Change Between 2011-2021
Growth	
Jobs	+ 29.5%
Gross Metropolitan Product	+ 43.5%
Jobs at Young Firms	+ 40.0%
Racial Inclusion	
Employment Gap Rate between White and People of Color	+ 2.5%
Earnings Gap between White and People of Color	\$262
Relative Poverty Gap Rate between White and People of Color	- 3.2%
Prosperity	
Productivity	+ 10.8%
Average Annual Wage	+ 24.9%
Standard of Living	+ 23.4%
Geographic Inclusion	
Top/Bottom Neighborhoods Employment Rate Gap	- 0.3%
Top/Bottom Neighborhoods Median Household Income Gap	\$2,868
Top/Bottom Neighborhoods Relative Poverty Gap	- 8.4%
Economic Inclusion	
Employment Rate	+ 7.2%
Median Earnings	+ 22.4%
Relative Poverty Rate	- 4.8%

<sup>\*</sup>Adapted from "Metro Monitor 2023". The Brookings Institution. www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023/

Metro Monitor's interactive website presents graphs for each of the above-referenced economic sub-indicators. Figure 2 shows job growth in Reno, NV MSA, as a percent of 2011 jobs, from 2011 to 2021. Reno, NV experienced gradual rates of growth from 2011-2019 and a considerable drop in 2020 with the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. Its growth rate resumed in 2021 and continued at a rate higher than both the United States and other midsized metros.

Figure 2: Job Growth in the Reno, NV MSA, 2011-2021 130 120 110 100 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Reno, NV Metropolitan Statistical Area --- United States

----- Midsized Metro Areas

<sup>\*</sup>Adapted from "Metro Monitor 2023". The Brookings Institution. www.brookings.edu/interactives/metro-monitor-2023/